UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
United States Patent and Trademark Office
Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS
P.O. Box 1450
Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450
www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/722,161	11/25/2003	B. Robert Franza JR.	016336-001011US	7019

20350 7590 06/27/2007

TOWNSEND AND TOWNSEND AND CREW, LLP
TWO EMBARCADERO CENTER
EIGHTH FLOOR
SAN FRANCISCO, CA 94111-3834

EXAMINER	
JOIKE, MICHELE K	
ART UNIT	**PAPER NUMBER**
1636	

MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
06/27/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/722,161	FRANZA ET AL.	
	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Michele K. Joike, Ph.D.	1636	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1)☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on *15 May 2007*.

2a)☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b)☒ This action is non-final.

3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4)☒ Claim(s) *18-30* is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5)☐ Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6)☒ Claim(s) *18,19, 22* is/are rejected.

7)☒ Claim(s) *20, 21, 23-30* is/are objected to.

8)☐ Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:

1.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

2.☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.

3.☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____.
4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____.
5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application
6) ☐ Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on May 15, 2007 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

> A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –
>
> (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 18, 19 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by U.S. 5,338,686 (hereinafter Hellerstein).

Response to Arguments Concerning Claim Rejections – 35 USC § 102 (b)

Applicants' arguments filed May 15, 2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

The following grounds of traversal are presented:

Hellerstein teaches a method with molar excesses calculated; ratios of the excesses determined, and then these values are used to obtain estimates of the proportion of mass isotopomers. The calculation of molar excesses is not the same as the determination of abundance. Hellerstein does not teach the determination of relative abundance of monoisotopic and isotopomeric peaks in first and second samples. Furthermore, Hellerstein is not providing any guidance to the skilled artisan that the relative abundance can be used to directly calculate the decay of a biopolymer, but is used as a value in the more complex calculation of the relative frequencies of at least two different mass isotopomers of the biopolymer.

These arguments are not found persuasive for the following reasons.

Applicants' invention is a method for determining the rate of degradation of a biopolymer comprising adding a stable isotope-labeled monomer to a biopolymer pool, collecting first and second samples and measuring the relative abundance of monisotopic and isotopomeric peaks, calculating the difference between the peaks of the first and second samples and determining the rate of polymer degradation.

Hellerstein teaches a method for determining the rate of degradation of an isotopically labeled biopolymer comprising adding a stable isotope-labeled subunit (monomer) to a biopolymer pool, collecting first and second samples and measuring the relative abundance of monisotopic and isotopomeric peaks using mass spectrometry, calculating the difference between the peaks of the first and second samples and determining the rate of biopolymer decay. Serial timepoints were collected and

individual mass isotopomers were plotted over time to determine the rate of decay. Therefore, Hellerstein teaches every element of the claimed invention.

Applicants argue that the calculation of molar excesses is not the same as the determination of abundance. First, Hellerstein calculates relative abundance using mass spectrometry. Second, it is unclear what the difference is between molar excess and relative abundance, since both are looking at abundance of monisotopic and isotopomeric peaks.

Hellerstein does state that mass spectral peak heights may be expressed as ratios for purposes of determining relative frequencies, but also states that any calculation means which provides relative values for abundance of such isotopomers in a sample may be used in describing data. Furthermore, that statement is not being relied on alone. As described above, Hellerstein teaches every element of the claimed invention.

Allowable Subject Matter

Claims 20-21 and 23-30 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michele K. Joike, Ph.D. whose telephone number is 571-272-5915. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F, 9:00-6:30.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Joseph Woitach can be reached on 571-272-0739. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Michele K Joike, Ph.D.
Examiner
Art Unit 1636

/Nancy Vogel/

Primary Examiner, A.U. 1636